Name: World War I Video Guide

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| Big Idea  Questions | Guided Notes | Areas of Concern |
| What famous book encouraged the US to build up its navy? I need his name too…  Was the US truly neutral prior to entering the war? Explain.  When did Mexico lose the land Germany promised to help them get back? | **Causes of the War**   * Militarism   + Countries built up their * Alliances   + Secret alliances would drag countries into a conflict * Imperialism   + Countries competed for * Nationalism   + Desire to demonstrate the strength of each country * Assassination of   + Heir to the Austrian throne   + Assassination set off a chain of events which started the war   **The Two Sides**   * Allied Powers: * Central Powers:   **US Neutrality and Challenges**   * US sought to remain neutral   + Democratic slogan for Wilson for election of 1916, “   ”   * (May 7, 1915)   + Passenger ship sunk by Germany, killing nearly individuals, including over 100 Americans   + Germany claimed the ship had (later determined to be correct) * Sussex Pledge:   + Germany damaged a French ship, the   + Germany promised not to   **US Entrance into the Great War**   * Unrestricted Submarine Warfare:   + for US entrance into the war   + Germany would sink all ships, including American * Telegram: (March, 1917)   + German proposal for an with Mexico   + If Mexico attacked the US, Germany would help Mexico get land back in the SW US |  |

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| What happens to individual rights during times of crisis?  What would happen to your feet in the trenches? | **Wilson’s 14 Points**   * Sought to make the world “ ” * Wilson outlined 14 ideas for post-World War I World   + No , etc.   + Establishment of a   **Domestic Issues During the War**   * Committee:   + Journalist George Creel helped promote the war effort   + “ ” gave speeches throughout the US * of 1917:   + Sought to prevent interference with military operations (including the )   + Upheld by in 1919 * Sedition Act of 1918:   + Made it illegal to criticize the government   + Used to convict   **Women, African Americans, and Labor Unions During the War**   * Women:   + Women worked in factories and nurses   + Helped lead to the passage of the Amendment * African Americans:   + Fought in units, mostly did manual labor   + supported the war – hoped for improved for African-Americans * Labor Unions:   + National War Labor Board:     - Helped oversee disputes   + AFL – led by     - Did not during war   + IWW – Industrial Workers of the World     - Nick-named “ ”   **Fighting in the Great War**   * Warfare:   + Most of the fighting occurred in man-made trenches * :   + December 1914, fighting stopped * Chemical Warfare:   + Gas * Armistice agreement on November 11, 1918   **Treaty of Versailles**   * Article punished Germany for starting the war   + “ ” clause * League of Nations: |  |

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|  | * Article – called for members to give assistance to others if needed   + detested this stipulation   **Effects of the War**   * US reverts to :   + Harding (1920) campaigned on a “Return to ” * “ ”   + Race riots in Northern cities – “ Migration” * Fear of Communism: * Increase in |  |