**Reformation and Religious Warfare in the 16th Century;**

**Chapter 13 (Spielvogel) pgs. 376-410**

**#1 Prelude to Reformation, 376-380**

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| 1. What kind of manuscripts did Christian (northern) humanists study? |
| 2. Describe the Christian humanists' view of education. |
| 3. What was Erasmus' "philosophy of Christ"?  How did it differ from established practices in the Church? |
| 4. According to the excerpt from *The Praise of Folly* on page 379, what did Erasmus find ridiculous about the monastic life of his day? (2pts) |
| 5. Explain the quote "Erasmus laid the egg that Luther hatched." |
| 6. List five problems in the Church. *(pluralism, absenteeism, indulgences)* |

**Score: \_\_\_\_/8**

**#2 The Reformation in Germany, 380-389**

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| 1. What was the Schmalkaldic League? |
| 1. Why did it take Charles V so long to respond to it? |
| 1. What was the Peace of Augsburg (1555)?   How was it a compromise? |

**Score: \_\_\_\_\_/9**

**#3 The Spread and Impact of the Reformation, 389-398**

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| 1. Who was Ulrich Zwingli?  \*\*\*How did Zwingli’s Protestantism differ from Luther’s? *(Colloquy of Marburg, Lord’s Supper)* |
| 2. Read the excerpt from “A Reformation Debate: The Marburg Colloquy” (page 391):  What is the issue being debated by Luther and Zwingli?  What would have been the Catholic Church’s position if Catholic representatives had been included in the debate?  Based on this example, why do you think Reformation debates led to further hostility rather than the compromise and unity between religious and sectarian opponents? |
| 3. Who were the Anabaptists?  How did they differ from Catholics & Protestants?  What were the various groups of Anabaptists who came to be? *(Menno Simons)* |
| 4. Write a 4-6 sentence paragraph explaining how the Reformation came about in England. How was it unique from other reformations? (5pts) |
| \*\*\*5. How did Calvinism differ from Lutheranism? |
| 6. How did the Reformation change the family?  How did it change education? |

**Score: \_\_\_\_/16**

**#4 The Catholic Reformation, 398-402**

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| 1. What was the Society of Jesus? *(Ignatious of Loyola)* |
| 1. What were the Jesuits three major activities? |
| 1. What was the Roman Inquisition? |
| 1. What was the Index of Forbidden Books? |
| 1. What kinds of compromises were the popes willing to make with Protestants? |
| 1. List six reforms of the Council of Trent. |

**Score: \_\_\_\_/6**

**#5 Politics and the Wars of Religion in the Sixteenth Century, 402-410**

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| 1. What were the causes of the French Wars of Religion? *(Huguenots)* |
| 2. What were the goals of King Phillip II of Spain? |
| 3. What caused the Dutch to revolt against Phillip II?  What was the result of the revolt? *(William of Orange, Dutch Republic)* |
| 4. Explain Elizabeth I’s religious policies in England? *(Act of Uniformity)*  What 2 groups continued to oppose the Elizabethan settlement? *(Mary Queen of Scots, Puritan)* |
| 5. Why did Philip II decide to invade England?  What was the result? *(Spanish Armada)* |

**Score: \_\_\_\_\_/8**